Proposed Hotel and Banquet Center Traffic and Parking Study Arlington Heights, Illinois



Prepared For:

European Crystal Banquet & Conference Center

Prepared by:

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1 – INTRODUCTION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

Eriksson Engineering Associates, Ltd. was retained by the European Crystal Banquet and Conference Center to conduct a traffic impact and parking demand study for the addition of a hotel to their existing banquet facility in Arlington Heights, Illinois. The purpose of the study was to observe the existing traffic and parking patterns around the site, to determine the traffic characteristics and parking needs of the proposed hotel, and to develop any recommendations to accommodate the proposed change in use.

Site Location and Area Land-Use

The existing banquet facility is located at 519 West Algonquin Road on the south side of the street in Arlington Heights, Illinois. It is bounded by Algonquin Road (IL 62) to the north, a private access road serving several businesses to the west, Brite-O-Matic Manufacturing to the south, and a multi-tenant commercial building to the east. PACE Suburban Bus headquarters is located to the north across Algonquin Road. Land uses around the site include commercial, self-storage, office, and manufacturing.

Figure 1 illustrates the site location, surrounding land-uses, and area roadways.

Roadway Characteristics

A description of the area roadways around the site is provided below:

Algonquin Road (IL 62) is an east-west arterial roadway north of the site provides two through lanes in each direction separated by a two-way left-turn lane. At its unsignalized intersection with the north-south access roadway, Algonquin Road provides an exclusive through lane and a shared through/right-turn lane on the eastbound approach and an exclusive left-turn lane and two exclusive through lanes on the westbound approach. Algonquin Road is under the jurisdiction of the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) with a posted speed limit of 45 miles per hour. An eastbound PACE bus stop is located in front of the site.

North-South Access Roadway is generally a north-south roadway that extends from Algonquin Road to its terminus approximately 1,400 feet south. The north-south access roadway provides one lane in each direction and serves as the shared access roadway for European Crystal Banquets and Conference Center, Safeguard Self Storage, Prima Power, Brite-O-Matic Manufacturing, Line Group, Kanematsu USA and KGK International. At its unsignalized intersection with Algonquin Road, the access roadway provides a shared left/right-turn lane under stop-sign control. This shared lane is wide enough to accommodate truck turning maneuvers to and from Algonquin Road and as such, operates as an exclusive left-turn and an exclusive right-turn for passenger vehicles. The site has four driveways along this road including three two-way drives to parking and one inbound lane to the drop-off lane by the main doors.

Figure 2 illustrates the existing intersection traffic control and travel lanes around the site.

Existing Traffic Volumes

Manual turning movement vehicle traffic counts were obtained from the previously conducted traffic study for the site during the weekday morning (7:00 to 9:00 A.M.) and the weekday evening (4:00 to 6:00 P.M.) peak periods and on a Saturday evening (5:30 to 7:30 P.M.) peak period at the intersection of Algonquin Road with the north-south access roadway. The Saturday evening peak period coincided with an event occurring at the banquet facility that had an attendance of 375 guests. The results of the manual turning movement counts indicated that the weekday morning peak hour occurs between 7:30 and 8:30 A.M., the weekday evening peak hour occurs between 4:30 and 5:30 P.M. and the Saturday evening peak hour occurs between 5:30 and 6:30 P.M. The existing peak hour traffic volumes for the weekday morning, evening and Saturday evening peak hours are shown in **Figure 3**. Please note that there was no traffic related to the banquet hall during the morning peak period.

Gap Study

The previous traffic study also completed a gap study during the weekday morning and evening peak hours and Saturday evening peak hour along Algonquin Road in order to determine the availability of gaps or interruptions in the Algonquin Road traffic stream. Gaps in the eastbound direction on Algonquin Road will allow traffic to turn left onto the north-south access roadway and right out from the north-south access roadway onto Algonquin Road. Gaps in both directions on Algonquin Road will allow traffic to turn left from the north-south access roadway onto Algonquin Road. It should be noted that this gap study does not quantify the number of two-stage left-turn maneuvers that can be made utilizing the existing two-way left-turn lane. The results of the gap study are summarized in **Table 1**.

Table 1
Algonquin Road Gap Study

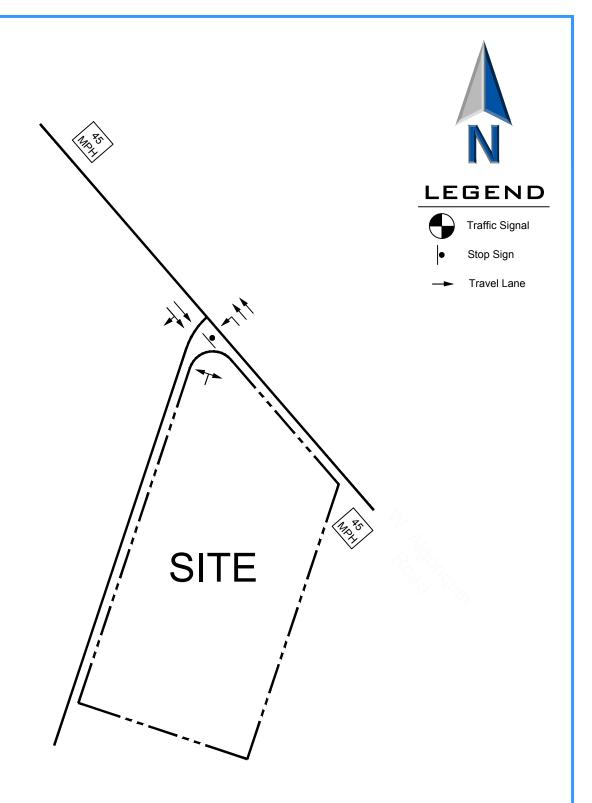
Dook Davied	Potential Vehicle Movements				
Peak Period	Westbound Left-turn	Northbound Left-turn	Northbound Right-turn		
Morning	709	86	358		
Evening	511	54	195		
Saturday	733	128	355		

Source: KLOA August, 2017 Traffic Study

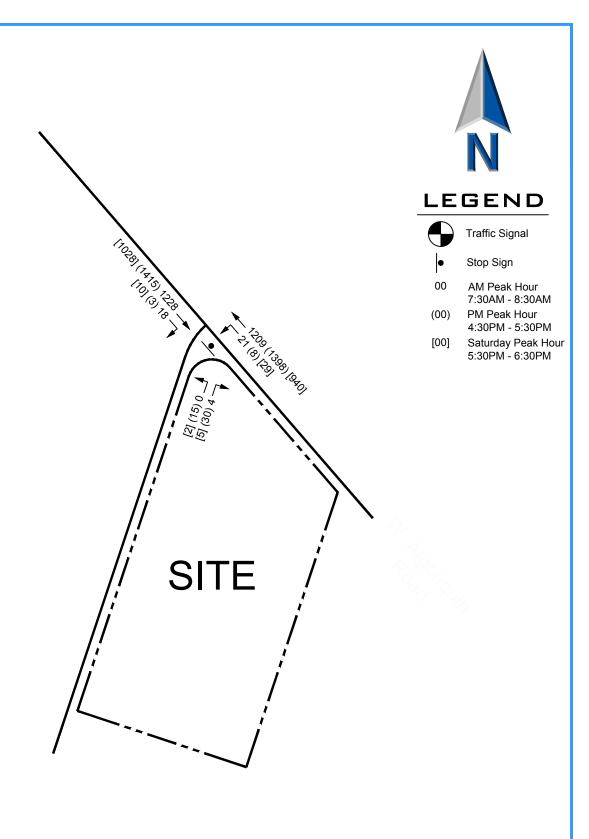




Site Location & Area Roadways









2 - SITE TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS

Site Plan

The proposed development plan calls for the construction of a 60 room hotel on the northern portion of the existing building with the existing banquet facility reduced in size. The four existing access drives along the north-south private road will remain. The parking lot provides 175 parking spaces. Twenty three additional valet parking spaces are proposed in the parking aisles.

Trip Generation

Traffic estimates for the hotel were made using data provided by the Institute of Transportation Engineer's <u>Trip Generation</u>, 10th Ed. manual which contains trip generation surveys of other similar hotels.

The volume of traffic generated by the existing banquet hall was based on the existing traffic counts which were then adjusted higher to represent a peak event. During the morning peak, the facility is closed and does not generate traffic. The resulting additional traffic generated by the hotel and banquet hall at peak operations is summarized in **Table 2.** Please note that this analysis is conservative because the banquet operations generally do not operate at full occupancy (see parking section for more details).

Table 2
Projected Site Traffic Volumes

llea	Use ITE Code	ITE	ITE	ITE	ITE	ITE	ITE	ITE	ITE	ITE	Size	Мо	rning	Peak	Eve	ening I	Peak	Sat	urday	Peak
USC		5126	ln	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total									
Hotel	312	60 rooms	11	14	25	11	8	19	14	15	29									
Dongwot Hall	Existing Volumes		-	-	-	11	5	16	39	5	44									
Banquet Hall 377 persons	Additi	onal Traffic	-	-	-	79	-	79	51	-	51									
5,654 sq. ft.	Banquet subtotal		•	-	-	90	5	90	90	5	95									
Net additional traffic		+11	+14	+25	+90	+8	+98	+65	+15	+80										

Trip Distribution

The trip distribution for development is based on a combination of the existing traffic conditions, the distribution of attendees, and the regional road network. With regional access located east (I-90) and west (IL 53) of the site, it is expected that hotel and banquet guests will be evenly distributed in both directions. The distribution of site traffic is shown in **Table 3** and on **Figure 4**.

Table 3
Directional Distribution

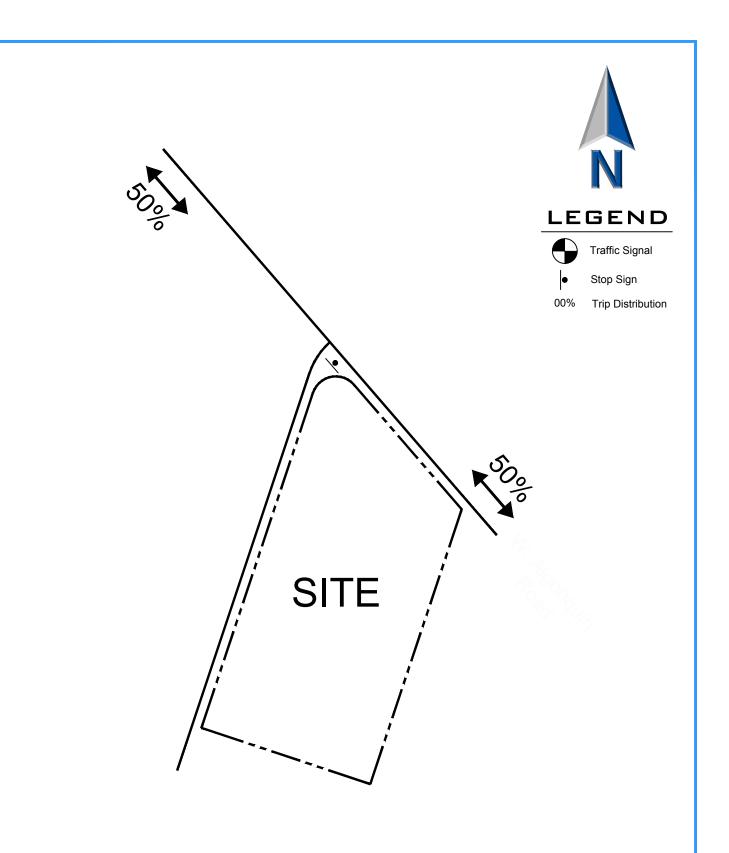
Direction	Percentage
East on Algonquin Road	50%
West on Algonquin Road	50%
Total	100%

Site Traffic Trip Assignments

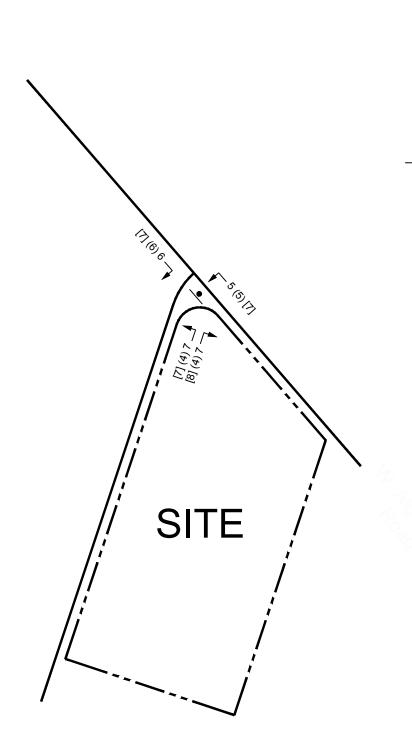
The additional vehicular trips that are generated by the development were distributed to the area roadways based on the directional distribution analysis. **Figure 5** displays the trip assignment for the hotel site traffic volumes. **Figure 6** illustrates the additional banquet traffic volumes.

The total future traffic volumes on the adjacent road system are a combination of the existing traffic volumes, projected non-site growth in those volumes, and the site traffic. Construction and opening of the hotel building is planned to be completed in 2019. Total traffic volumes are estimated for a period five years after the projected opening which is the Year 2024.

Data was provided by the Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (CMAP) on the projected growth rates of the Average Daily Traffic (ADT) on Algonquin Road. A copy of the CMAP letter is included in the **Appendix**. There is a minimal amount growth projected along Algonquin Road (0.2 percent per year). These growth rates were applied to the existing Algonquin Road through volumes and were combined with the site traffic volumes to generate the Year 2024 total traffic volumes (**Figure 7**).







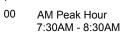




Traffic Signal

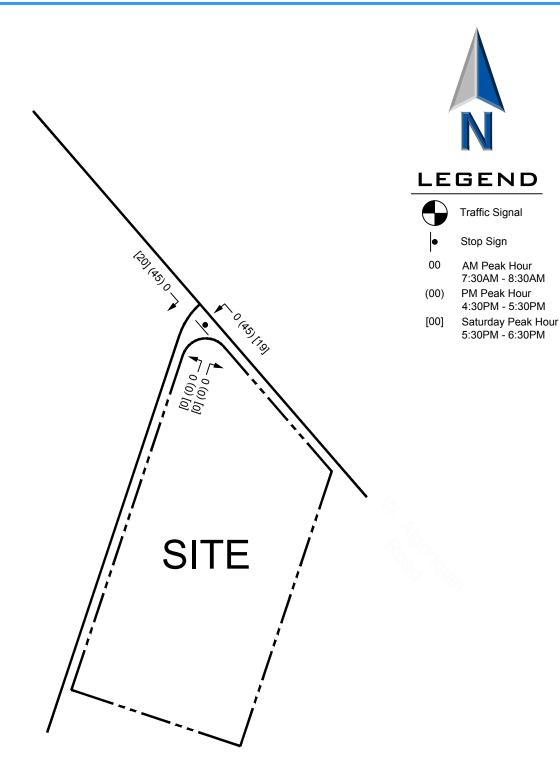


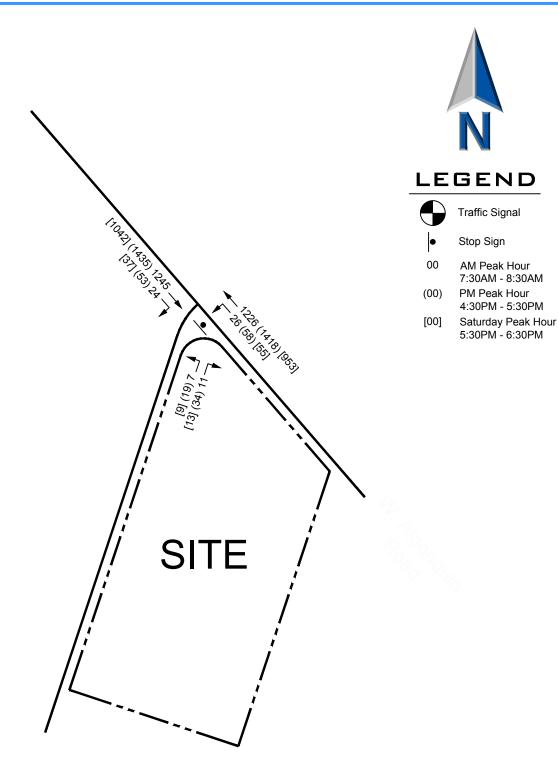
Stop Sign



(00) PM Peak Hour 4:30PM - 5:30PM

[00] Saturday Peak Hour 5:30PM - 6:30PM







3 - TRAFFIC ANALYSES

Intersection Capacity Analyses

An intersection's ability to accommodate traffic flow is based on the average control delay experienced by vehicles passing through the intersection. The intersection and individual traffic movements are assigned a level of service (LOS), ranging from A to F based on the control delay created by a traffic signal or stop sign. Control delay consists of the initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay. LOS A has the best traffic flow and least delay. LOS E represents saturated or at capacity conditions. LOS F experiences oversaturated conditions and extensive delays. The <u>Highway Capacity Manual</u> definitions for levels of service and the corresponding control delay for both signalized and unsignalized intersections are shown in **Table 4**.

Capacity analyses were conducted for each intersection using the Highway Capacity Software (HCS v7.5) to determine the existing and future operating conditions of the access system. These analyses were performed for the weekday and Saturday peak-hours and are summarized in **Table 5**. Copies of the capacity analyses are included in the **Appendix**.

Table 4
Level of Service Criteria for Intersections

Level of	Description		ol Delay s/vehicle)
Service		Signals	Stop Signs
Α	Minimal delay and few stops	<10	<10
В	Low delay with more stops	>10-20	>10-15
С	Light congestion	>20-35	>15-25
D	Congestion is more noticeable with longer delays	>35-55	>25-35
Е	High delays and number of stops	>55-80	>35-50
F	Unacceptable delays and over capacity	>80	>50

Source: Highway Capacity Manual

Table 5
Intersection Level of Service and Delay
Algonquin Road at Access Road

Scenario	Movement	AM Peak	PM Peak	Saturday Peak
2017	Westbound Left	B-12.6	B-13.4	B-10.8
Existing	Northbound Left/Right	B-14.3	D-26.5	C-15.2
2024	Westbound Left	B-12.8	C-15.4	B-11.3
Total Traffic	Northbound Left/Right	C-22.2	D-32.6	C-17.9

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The results of the capacity analyses indicate that at the intersection of Algonquin Road with the north-south access roadway the northbound approach (exiting movements) currently operates at acceptable levels of service during the peak hours. Under Year 2024 projected traffic conditions, the northbound approach is projected to continue operating at an acceptable level of service and no roadway improvements are recommended.

Westbound left-turn movements from Algonquin Road onto the access roadway are projected to continue operating well during all three peak hours with 95th percentile queues of one vehicle.

As such, the proposed expansion traffic will have a limited impact on the operations of the intersection of Algonquin Road with the north-south Access Roadway and the expansion generated traffic will not have a significant impact on the industrial developments that also utilize the access roadway. Furthermore, the existing two-way left-turn lane along Algonquin Road will continue to be adequate in accommodating left-turns onto the access roadway.

4 - PARKING

The site plan for the combined hotel and banquet facility provides a total of 175 parking spaces including 6 accessible spaces. An additional 23 valet parking spaces are proposed in the northern and southern parking aisles to provide additional parking if needed.

Village Parking Requirements

The parking requirements based on the Village of Arlington Heights's Zoning Code are summarized in **Table 6**. The proposed 175 space parking plan, not including 23 valet parking stalls, meets the zoning requirements. Six accessible stalls are provided and meet the ADA requirements.

Table 6
Arlington Heights Zoning Requirements

Use	Size	Zoning Code	Required Spaces	Proposed Spaces
Banquet/Convention	377 persons	30% of occupancy	113	
Hotel	60 rooms	1 space per room	60	
Coffee/Beverage Area	90 sq. ft. of seating area	1 space per 45 sq. ft. of seating area	2	
		Totals	175	175 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Does not include 23 valet parking stalls

National Parking Data

The parking requirements for the hotel were also calculated based on data in the Institute of Transportation Engineer's <u>Parking Generation</u> 4th Ed. manual for the hotel rooms and the Urban Land Institute Shared Parking 2nd Edition manual for the banquet/convention space. The results are shown in **Table 7**. The ITE manual does not have data for banquet halls. The national data shows the peak parking demand is about 10-15% less than the proposed supply for the hotel/banquet development.

Table 7 ITE/ULI Parking Requirements

Use	Size	ITE/ULI Data (weekday/Saturday)	Weekday	Saturday	Proposed Spaces
Banquet/Convention	5,654 sq. ft.	20/20 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.	113	113	
Hotel	60 rooms	0.6/0.66 spaces per room	36	40	
Coffee/Drink Area	90 sq. ft. of seating area	Included in hotel rate	-	-	
		Total	149	153	175 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Does not include 23 valet parking stalls

Shared Parking Analysis

The zoning analysis has not taken into account the shared parking characteristics of each individual use The Village of Arlington Heights permits the consideration of shared parking when several different land-uses occupy the same site. Shared parking is defined as the use of a parking space to serve two or more individual land uses without conflict or encroachment. A detailed shared parking study was conducted for each development zone from 6:00 AM to Midnight based on the ULI methodology and is summarized in **Table 8**. The shared parking analysis shows that there is sufficient parking on-site for both uses.

Table 8
Shared Parking Analysis

Banquet			Suest		nployee			
	•	Park		Park				
Size Units = Peak %	5,654 20 113.1 Veh.	Rooms Units = Peak %	60 0.8 48.0 Veh.	Rooms Units = Peak %	60 0.2 12.0 Veh.	Total Parking	Parking Available	Diff.
0%	0.0	95%	45.6	5%	0.6	46.2	175	128.8
						46.8		128.2
30%		80%	38.4	90%	10.8	83.1	175	91.9
60%	67.8	70%	33.6	90%	10.8	112.2	175	62.8
60%	67.8	60%	28.8	100%	12.0	108.6	175	66.4
60%	67.8	60%	28.8	100%	12.0	108.6	175	66.4
65%	73.5	55%	26.4	100%	12.0	111.9	175	63.1
65%	73.5	55%		100%	12.0	111.9	175	63.1
65%		60%		100%	12.0	114.3	175	60.7
65%				100%			175	60.7
65%				90%			175	59.5
								19.9
								21.1
								23.5
								21.1
								18.7
								70.5
								125.8
		-		-		48.6	175	126.4
						Parking	Available	D:44
						40.0	475	Diff.
								126.1
								126.4
								92.2
								63.4
						_		67.6 67.6
						-		64.4
								64.4
								61.9
								61.9
								60.2
	4404							19.5
								18.3
								18.7
								16.7
								13.6
								66.0
								120.0
0%	0.0	100%	51.0	30%	2.7	53.7	175	121.3
	Peak % 0% 0% 30% 60% 60% 65% 65% 65% 100% 100% 100% 30% 0% 0% 0% 0% 50% 0% 60% 66% 65% 60% 700% 100% 100% 100% 50% 0%	Peak 113.1 % Veh. 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 30% 33.9 60% 67.8 60% 67.8 65% 73.5 65% 73.5 65% 73.5 65% 73.5 65% 73.5 65% 73.5 100% 113.1 100% 113.1 100% 113.1 100% 113.1 100% 13.1 100% 56.5 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 0.0 0% 67.8 60% 67.8 65% 73.5	Peak 113.1 Peak % Veh. % 0% 0.0 95% 0% 0.0 90% 30% 33.9 80% 60% 67.8 60% 60% 67.8 60% 65% 73.5 55% 65% 73.5 60% 65% 73.5 60% 65% 73.5 65% 100% 113.1 70% 100% 113.1 75% 100% 113.1 80% 100% 113.1 85% 50% 56.5 95% 0% 0.0 100% 0% 0.0 100% 0% 0.0 100% 0% 0.0 95% 0% 0.0 95% 0% 0.0 90% 30% 33.9 80% 60% 67.8 60% 65% 73.5	Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 % Veh. % Veh. 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 65% 73.5 65% 31.2 100% 113.1 75% 36.0 100% 113.1 80% 38.4 100% 113.1 </td <td>Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 Peak 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 90% 60% 67.8 70% 33.6 90% 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 38.4 100% 100% 113.1 70% 33.6 70%</td> <td>Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 Peak 12.0 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 0% 0.0 90% 45.6 5% 0.6 0% 0.0 90% 33.2 30% 3.6 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 90% 10.8 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 65% 31.2 90% 10.8 100% 113.1 70% 36.0 40% 4.8 100% 113.1 75% 36.0 20%</td> <td>Peak % 113.1 Veh. Peak % 48.0 Veh. Peak % 12.0 Veh. Parking 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 46.2 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 3.6 46.8 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 90% 10.8 83.1 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 65% 31.2 90% 10.8 15.5 100% 113.1 70% 33.6 70% 8.4 155.5 100% 113.1 75% 36.0 20% 2.4 153.9 100% 113.1 85% 40.8 20% 2.4 153.9</td> <td>Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 Peak 12.0 Parking Available 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 46.2 175 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 46.2 175 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 3.6 46.8 175 80% 67.8 70% 33.6 90% 10.8 83.1 175 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 175 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 175 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 12.0 111.9 175 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.3 175 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 114.3 175 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100%</td>	Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 Peak 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 90% 60% 67.8 70% 33.6 90% 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 65% 73.5 60% 38.4 100% 100% 113.1 70% 33.6 70%	Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 Peak 12.0 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 0% 0.0 90% 45.6 5% 0.6 0% 0.0 90% 33.2 30% 3.6 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 90% 10.8 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 65% 73.5 65% 31.2 90% 10.8 100% 113.1 70% 36.0 40% 4.8 100% 113.1 75% 36.0 20%	Peak % 113.1 Veh. Peak % 48.0 Veh. Peak % 12.0 Veh. Parking 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 46.2 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 3.6 46.8 30% 33.9 80% 38.4 90% 10.8 83.1 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.9 65% 73.5 65% 31.2 90% 10.8 15.5 100% 113.1 70% 33.6 70% 8.4 155.5 100% 113.1 75% 36.0 20% 2.4 153.9 100% 113.1 85% 40.8 20% 2.4 153.9	Peak 113.1 Peak 48.0 Peak 12.0 Parking Available 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 46.2 175 0% 0.0 95% 45.6 5% 0.6 46.2 175 0% 0.0 90% 43.2 30% 3.6 46.8 175 80% 67.8 70% 33.6 90% 10.8 83.1 175 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 175 60% 67.8 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 108.6 175 65% 73.5 55% 26.4 100% 12.0 111.9 175 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 111.3 175 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100% 12.0 114.3 175 65% 73.5 60% 28.8 100%

Banquet Hall/Convention Center Usage

The remaining banquet hall area after the hotel construction will cover 5,654 square feet and accommodate up to 377 guests. While the zoning code and its parking requirements are based on the maximum room capacity, rarely does the maximum occupancy occur. The European Crystal Banquet and Convention Center provided the top nine events by attendance for the year 2017. Overall, 98% events will be less than 250 persons at the banquet facility. In other words, while peak events do occur, they don't represent typical conditions.

Table 9
Top Nine Events in 2017 by Attendance

Rank	Date	Day	Attendance	Percent of Banquet Capacity
1	February 25 th	Saturday	335	89%
2	September 22 nd	Friday	331	88%
3	May 20 th	Saturday	320	85%
4	August 12 th	Saturday	318	84%
5	April 8 th	Saturday	317	84%
6	July 29 th	Saturday	302	80%
7	December 29 th	Friday	289	77%
8	November 25 th	Saturday	275	73%
9	October 28 th	Saturday	246	65%

Parking Surveys

European Crystal Banquet and Convention Center provided to EEA the following parking data in **Table 10** that they collected at their facility. Overall the attendance was a fraction of the facilities capacity and had average vehicle occupancy of 2.06 persons per vehicle for events ranging 69 to 153 attendees.

Table 10 Typical Events in 2018

Event	Date	Day	Attendance	Parked Vehicles	Occupancy	Vehicles per person
Wedding	March 10 th	Saturday	103	49	28%	2.10
Lunch	March 15 th	Thursday	69	31	18%	2.22
Wedding	March 23 rd	Friday	133	67	38%	1.98
Wedding	April 7 th	Saturday	149	73	42%	2.04
Wedding	April 7 th	Saturday	153	76	43%	2.01
Lunch	April 10 th	Tuesday	88	41	23%	2.14

EEA conducted parking surveys at three weekend events in April 2018 as summarized below in **Table 11**. Two events had 346 and 359 attendees with the peak demand of 125 and 129 vehicles respectively. The average automobile occupancy was 2.77 or 2.78 persons per vehicle. A smaller event of 103 persons had 54 parked vehicles or 1.91 persons per vehicle.

Table 11 EEA 2018 Parking Surveys

Date	April 21 st	April 22 nd	April 28 th
Day	Saturday	Sunday	Saturday
Attendees	346	103	359
5:00 PM	-	54	-
6:00 PM	90	53	129
7:00 PM	119	52	128
8:00 PM	125	52	117
9:00 PM	123	13	62
Persons Per Vehicle	2.77	1.91	2.78

For the April 21st event, EEA also did a representative sample of the number of persons per vehicle and found results consistent with the overall parking count (2.86 vs 2.77 persons per vehicle). A shuttle bus was observed dropping off 30 attendees.

Table 12 Auto Occupancy Survey – April 21st

Persons In Vehicle	Number of Vehicles	Total Persons		
1	7	7		
2	24	48		
3	7	21		
4	5	20		
30 ⁽¹⁾	1	30		
Totals	44	126		
Average of 2.86 persons/vehicle				

(1) Shuttle Bus

The results of the parking surveys indicate that as the number of attendees increase so does the vehicle occupancy rates increase. For the smaller events, the vehicle occupancy was around 2 persons per vehicle. As the events exceeded 300+ attendees, the parking occupancy varied from 2.77 to 2.86 persons per vehicles. The Village Zoning Code parking requirement is based on 30% of the allowed occupancy or the equivalent of 3.33 persons per vehicle. The surveyed occupancy data is lower (-17%) which would result in a higher parking demand. The banquet facility would need 136 spaces (377/2.77) instead of the 113 spaces required by code or 23 more spaces.

Parking Summary

Using the surveyed peak parking demand for the banquet hall of 136 parking spaces (2.77 persons/vehicle or 36% of occupancy) and assuming the higher village hotel/coffee parking requirement of 62 spaces, the total parking demand for both uses would be 198 parking spaces. The proposed parking plan provides for 175 parking spaces and 23 valet parking spaces for a total of 198 spaces which will meet this demand without off-site parking.

Contingency Planning

The owners of the facility have been using several strategies to accommodate parking at peak times.

- <u>Valet Parking</u> The site plan shows 23 additional parking spaces to be used in conjunction with a
 valet parking operation which stacks one row of vehicles in the drive aisle at the north end and at the
 south end of the site. Emergency vehicle circulation will not be impeded around the building.
- Off-site Parking The banquet hall has had a long running agreement with their neighbor to the south, Brite-O-Matic Manufacturing, to use their parking on weekday evenings and on weekends. A second agreement has been recently added with their neighbor to the east for evening and weekend parking.
- Replacement Parking In the event that the parking agreement expires with Brite-O-Matic, there are
 a number of commercial businesses within 1,000 feet of the hotel/banquet site with hundreds of
 parking spaces empty in the evenings and weekends. The owners could negotiate a similar
 agreement for overflow or valet parking.

5 - SUMMARY

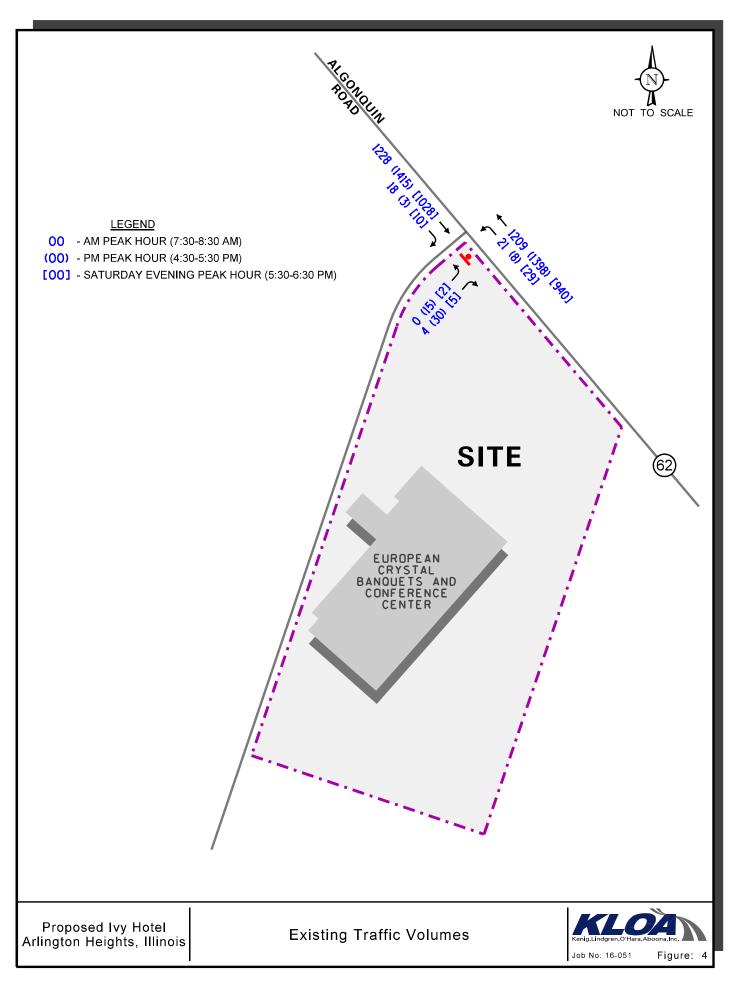
The findings of the traffic and parking study for the addition of a 60 room hotel at the European Crystal Banquet and Convention Center are:

- 1. The proposed 60 room hotel will generate a low volume of traffic (19-29 vehicles per hour) on the adjacent road network.
- 2. The addition of the hotel will not adversely impact the level of service and delay at the existing access road and will not impede Algonquin Road (IL 62) through traffic.
- 3. Parking provided for the combined banquet hall and hotel meets the Village of Arlington Heights zoning code requirement of 175 spaces. Six accessible parking spaces are provided per the accessibility code.
- 4. Review of national parking data and a shared parking analysis indicates the peak parking demand of the combined uses ranges from 149 to 162 vehicles.
- 5. The peak-occupancy of the banquet facility rarely occurs with the majority of the events under two-thirds of the banquet hall's capacity.
- 6. The parking surveys conducted by the applicant and separate surveys by EEA indicated the following:
 - a. The lower attended events have higher vehicle occupancy rations (around 2 persons per vehicle) than the higher attended events (2.77-2.86 persons per vehicle).
 - b. The higher attendance events had higher parking ratios than the Village zoning code (30% vs 36% occupancy).
- 7. The resulting worse-case parking demand is 136 vehicles for the banquet hall (36% occupancy) and 62 spaces for the hotel for a total of 198 vehicles.
- 8. With the 23 valet parking and 175 marked spaces, there is sufficient parking on-site to accommodate 198 vehicles.
- 9. Contingency plans are in place with two adjoining properties to provide overflow parking in the evenings and weekends during the peak times for the hotel and banquet hall. One agreement has been in place for 18 years.
- 10. In the unlikely event that these agreements are not continued, there are a number of businesses with available parking in the immediate area that can be contacted in the future if needed.



APPENDIX

- Existing Traffic Counts
- CMAP Letter
- Intersection Capacity Analyses





233 South Wacker Drive Suite 800 Chicago, Illinois 60606 312 454 0400 www.cmap.illinois.gov

April 11, 2017

Brendan S. May
Consultant
Kenig, Lindgren, O'Hara and Aboona, Inc.
9575 West Higgins Road
Suite 400
Rosemont, IL 60018

Subject: IL 62 (Algonquin Road) from Golf Road to Arlington Heights Road

DOT

Dear Mr. May:

In response to a request made on your behalf and dated April 10, 2017, we have developed year 2040 average daily traffic (ADT) projections for the subject location.

ROAD SEGMENT	Current ADT	Year 2040 ADT
IL 62 (Algonquin Rd) - Golf Rd to Arlington Heights Rd	29,900	31,400

Traffic projections are developed using existing ADT data provided in the request letter and the results from the March 2017 CMAP Travel Demand Analysis. The regional travel model uses CMAP 2040 socioeconomic projections and assumes the implementation of the GO TO 2040 Comprehensive Regional Plan for the Northeastern Illinois area.

If you have any questions, please call me at (312) 386-8806.

Sincerely,

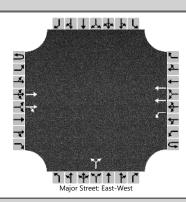
Jose Rodriguez, PTP, AICP

Senior Planner, Research & Analysis

cc: Fortmann (IDOT)

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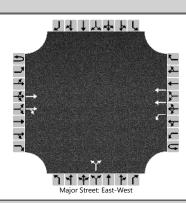
HCS7 Two-Way Stop-Control Report										
General Information Site Information										
Analyst	AJB	Intersection	Algonquin Road Access							
Agency/Co.	Eriksson Engineering	Jurisdiction	IDOT/Arl. Heights							
Date Performed	5/3/2018	East/West Street	W. Algonquin Road							
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Site Access Driveway							
Time Analyzed	AM Peak Hour	Peak Hour Factor	0.92							
Intersection Orientation	East-West	Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25							
Project Description	Existing Conditions									



Vehicle Volumes and Ad	justme	nts														
Approach		Eastk	oound			Westl	oound			North	bound			South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	1U	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration			Т	TR		L	Т				LR					
Volume (veh/h)			1228	18	0	21	1209			0		4				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)					3	3				3		3				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%))					
Right Turn Channelized																
Median Type Storage		Left Only 1							1							
Critical and Follow-up H	ıp Headways															
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.5		6.9				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.16				6.86		6.96				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.23				3.53		3.33				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice													
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)						23					4					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						499					393					
v/c Ratio						0.05					0.01					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.1					0.0					
Control Delay (s/veh)						12.6					14.3					
Level of Service (LOS)						В					В					
Approach Delay (s/veh)					0.2			14.3								
Approach LOS								В								

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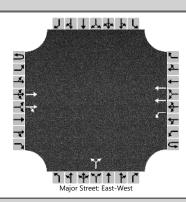
HCS7 Two-Way Stop-Control Report										
General Information Site Information										
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Agency/Co.	Eriksson Engineering	Jurisdiction	IDOT/Arl. Heights							
Date Performed	5/3/2018	East/West Street	W. Algonquin Road							
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Site Access Driveway							
Time Analyzed	PM Peak Hour	Peak Hour Factor	0.94							
Intersection Orientation	East-West	Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25							
Project Description	Existing Conditions									



Vehicle Volumes and Ad	justme	ents														
Approach		Eastk	oound			West	bound			North	bound			South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	10	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration			Т	TR		L	Т				LR					
Volume (veh/h)			1415	3	0	8	1398			15		30				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)					3	3				3		3				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%)										()					
Right Turn Channelized																
Median Type Storage		Left Only 1								1						
Critical and Follow-up H	eadwa	ys														
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.5		6.9				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.16				6.86		6.96				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.23				3.53		3.33				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice													
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)						9					48					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						435					214					
v/c Ratio						0.02					0.22					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.1					0.8					
Control Delay (s/veh)						13.4					26.5					
Level of Service (LOS)						В					D					
Approach Delay (s/veh)		0.1						26.5								
Approach LOS									D							

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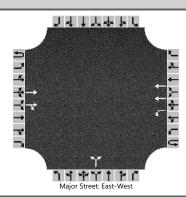
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Agency/Co.	Eriksson Engineering	Jurisdiction	IDOT/Arl. Heights							
Date Performed	5/3/2018	East/West Street	W. Algonquin Road							
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Site Access Driveway							
Time Analyzed	Saturday Peak Hour	Peak Hour Factor	0.99							
Intersection Orientation	East-West	Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25							
Project Description	Existing Conditions									



Vehicle Volumes and Adj	justme	nts														
Approach		Eastk	oound			Westl	oound			North	bound			South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	1U	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration			T	TR		L	Т				LR					
Volume (veh/h)			1028	10	0	29	940			2		5				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)					3	3				3		3				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%)										()					
Right Turn Channelized																
Median Type Storage		Left Only							1							
Critical and Follow-up He	leadways															
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.5		6.9				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.16				6.86		6.96				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.23				3.53		3.33				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice													
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)						29					7					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						653					359					
v/c Ratio						0.04					0.02					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.1					0.1					
Control Delay (s/veh)						10.8					15.2					
Level of Service (LOS)						В					С					
Approach Delay (s/veh)					0.3			15.2								
Approach LOS								С								

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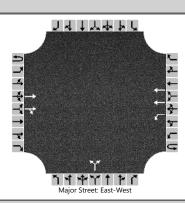
HCS7 Two-Way Stop-Control Report										
General Information Site Information										
Analyst	AJB	Intersection	Algonquin Road Access							
Agency/Co.	Eriksson Engineering	Jurisdiction	IDOT/Arl. Heights							
Date Performed	5/3/2018	East/West Street	W. Algonquin Road							
Analysis Year	2024	North/South Street	Site Access Driveway							
Time Analyzed	AM Peak Hour	Peak Hour Factor	0.92							
Intersection Orientation	East-West	Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25							
Project Description	Proposed Conditions									



Vehicle Volumes and Ad	Justine								_							
Approach		Eastk	ound			West	oound		Northbound					South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	1U	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration			Т	TR		L	T				LR					
Volume (veh/h)			1245	24	0	26	1226			7		11				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)					3	3				3		3				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%)										()					
Right Turn Channelized																
Median Type Storage		Left Only								1						
Critical and Follow-up H	eadwa	ys														
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.5		6.9				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.16				6.86		6.96				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.23				3.53		3.33				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice													
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)						28					20					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						488					229					
v/c Ratio						0.06					0.09					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.2					0.3					
Control Delay (s/veh)						12.8					22.2					
Level of Service (LOS)						В					С					
Approach Delay (s/veh)		0.3					22.2			•		•				
Approach LOS							С									

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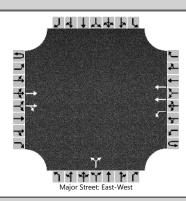
HCS7 Two-Way Stop-Control Report										
General Information Site Information										
Analyst	AJB	Intersection	Algonquin Road Access							
Agency/Co.	Eriksson Engineering	Jurisdiction	IDOT/Arl. Heights							
Date Performed	5/3/2018	East/West Street	W. Algonquin Road							
Analysis Year	2024	North/South Street	Site Access Driveway							
Time Analyzed	PM Peak Hour	Peak Hour Factor	0.94							
Intersection Orientation	East-West	Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25							
Project Description	Proposed Conditions									



Approach		Eastk	oound			Westl	oound			North	bound			South	bound	
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R
Priority	1U	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12
Number of Lanes	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0		0	1	0		0	0	0
Configuration			T	TR		L	Т				LR					
Volume (veh/h)			1435	53	0	58	1418			19		34				
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)					3	3				3		3				
Proportion Time Blocked																
Percent Grade (%)										()					
Right Turn Channelized																
Median Type Storage		Left Only								1						
Critical and Follow-up H	eadwa	ys														
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.5		6.9				
Critical Headway (sec)						4.16				6.86		6.96				
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3				
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.23				3.53		3.33				
Delay, Queue Length, an	d Leve	l of S	ervice													
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)						62					56					
Capacity, c (veh/h)						407					186					
v/c Ratio						0.15					0.30					
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.5					1.2					
Control Delay (s/veh)						15.4					32.6					
Level of Service (LOS)						С					D					
Approach Delay (s/veh)		0.6					.6		32.6							
Approach LOS												D				

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HCS7 Two-Way Stop-Control Report										
General Information		Site Information								
Analyst	AJB	Intersection	Algonquin Road Access							
Agency/Co.	Eriksson Engineering	Jurisdiction	IDOT/Arl. Heights							
Date Performed	5/3/2018	East/West Street	W. Algonquin Road							
Analysis Year	2024	North/South Street	Site Access Driveway							
Time Analyzed	Saturday Peak Hour	Peak Hour Factor	0.99							
Intersection Orientation	East-West	Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25							
Project Description	Proposed Conditions									



Vehicle Volumes and Ad	justme	nts															
Approach	T	Eastl	oound		Westbound				Northbound				Southbound				
Movement	U	L	Т	R	U	L	Т	R	U	L	T	R	U	L	Т	R	
Priority	1U	1	2	3	4U	4	5	6		7	8	9		10	11	12	
Number of Lanes	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0		0	1	0		0	0	0	
Configuration			Т	TR		L	Т				LR						
Volume (veh/h)			1042	37	0	55	953			9		13					
Percent Heavy Vehicles (%)					3	3				3		3					
Proportion Time Blocked																	
Percent Grade (%)										0							
Right Turn Channelized																	
Median Type Storage				Left	Only	Only						1					
Critical and Follow-up H	eadwa	ys															
Base Critical Headway (sec)						4.1				7.5		6.9					
Critical Headway (sec)						4.16				6.86		6.96					
Base Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.2				3.5		3.3					
Follow-Up Headway (sec)						2.23				3.53		3.33					
Delay, Queue Length, ar	d Leve	l of S	ervice														
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	T					56					22						
Capacity, c (veh/h)						630					302						
v/c Ratio						0.09					0.07						
95% Queue Length, Q ₉₅ (veh)						0.3					0.2						
Control Delay (s/veh)						11.3					17.9						
Level of Service (LOS)						В					С						
Approach Delay (s/veh)						0.6				17.9							
Approach LOS										С							

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